



WELSH ZERO CARBON HWB CONFERENCE

Delivering Better Homes for Wales

17/03/2026, 10:00-16:00, Cardiff



PROGRAMME / AGENDA

10:00 **Welcome from co-chairs / Croeso gan y cyd-gadeiryddion**

10:15 **Keynote speaker / Prif siaradwr**

10:30 **Session 1: Better Outcomes for Communities & Social Tenants**

Sesiwn 1: Canlyniadau Gwell i Gymunedau a Thenantiaid Cymdeithasol

11:15 *Break / Egwyl*

11:40 **Session 2: How Data Can Help Achieve Net Zero**

Sesiwn 2: Sut Gall Data Helpu i Sicrhau Sero Net

12:30 *Lunch / Cinio*

PROGRAMME / AGENDA

13:30 **Welcome to afternoon session / Croeso i sesiwn y prynhawn**

13:35 **Session 3: Heat Networks as Solutions for Low-Carbon Homes**

Sesiwn 3: Rhwydweithiau Gwres fel Datrysiadau ar gyfer Cartrefi Carbon Isel

14:25 *Break / Egwyl*

14:45 **Session 4 – Workforce, Skills & Supply Chain**

Sesiwn 4 – Y Gweithlu, Sgiliau a'r Gadwyn Gyflenwi

15:30 **Closing session: Next Steps for Better Homes**

Sesiwn gloi: Y Camau Nesaf ar gyfer Cartrefi Gwell

16:00 *Close / Cloi*

ABOUT THE WELSH ZERO CARBON HWB



- The Welsh Zero Carbon Hwb was established by Welsh Government as an all-Wales agency to help developers, residential social landlords, housing associations and owners reduce the amount of energy and carbon in building and running homes.
- The Hwb is being funded via Welsh Government, supported by a steering group consisting of representatives from Welsh Government, ClwydAlyn, CHC Cymru, Pobl Housing, Welsh LGA and the Design Commission for Wales.
- The Hwb delivery partners are Energy Saving Trust and the Good Homes Alliance.

WELSH HOUSING CASE STUDIES



- Developing ‘super case studies’ which dig deeper into the detail, key findings, lessons learned.
- Gwynfaen case study published with more to come.
- See summaries of the case studies on the screens in the lobby.
- Case study showcase webinar on 23rd April.



A woman with blonde hair, wearing a blue hoodie, is shown in profile, working on a boiler system. She is holding a smartphone in her hands, looking at the screen. The boiler is a large, grey, cylindrical unit with various pipes and valves. A white bucket is placed on the floor next to the boiler. The background shows a window with wooden frames. The image is overlaid with a green banner at the top and a blue banner at the bottom right, both containing text.

Clean heat
neighbourhoods

Welsh Zero Carbon
Hwb Conference

NESTA

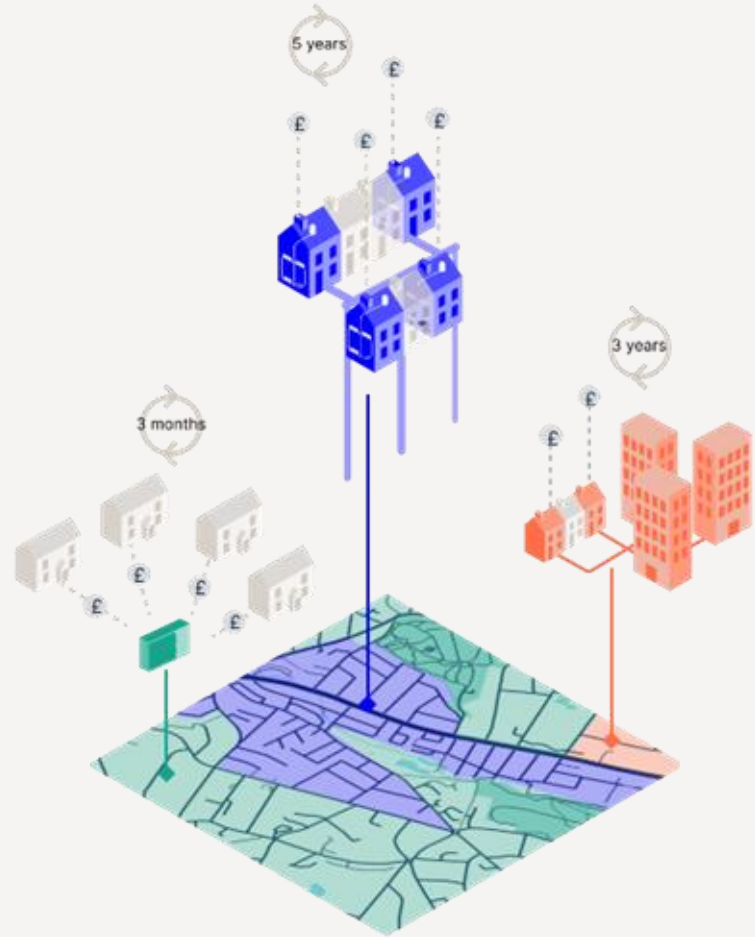
We are the UK's innovation agency for social good. We design, test and scale new solutions to society's biggest problems, changing millions of lives for the better.

For over 20 years, we have worked to support, encourage and inspire innovation that benefits society, a purpose that is more relevant now than ever.

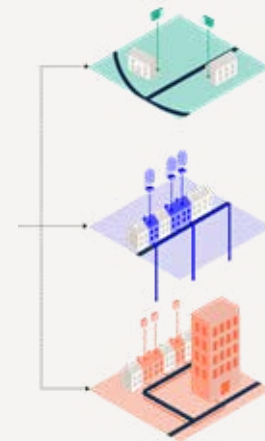
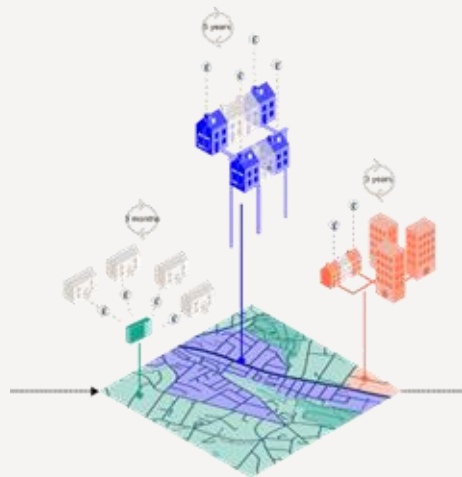
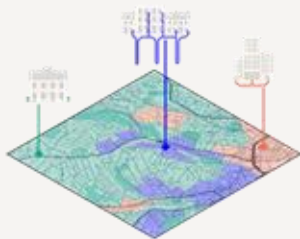
At Nesta we are exploring clean heat neighbourhoods as an alternative option to the individual approach

It's an approach that involves multiple households within an area making the change to low-carbon heating through a local scheme.

We think this approach could vary in scale and technology to accommodate different communities and tenures.



Clean heat neighborhoods



What needs to happen?

Planning by local government, enables the transition at scale.

Develop and facilitate schemes that reflect characteristics of communities and homes

Residents can access schemes that vary in technology and scale, across tenures.

Why

Everyone in the UK would have a clear direction of how their heating and home will change in the future

The market could be tailored to local areas, not one size fits all

Joining an area based programme should be the simplest and easiest way to decarbonise your home

Our work on CHN

Developing an evidence base



Understanding consumer preferences



Testing with households



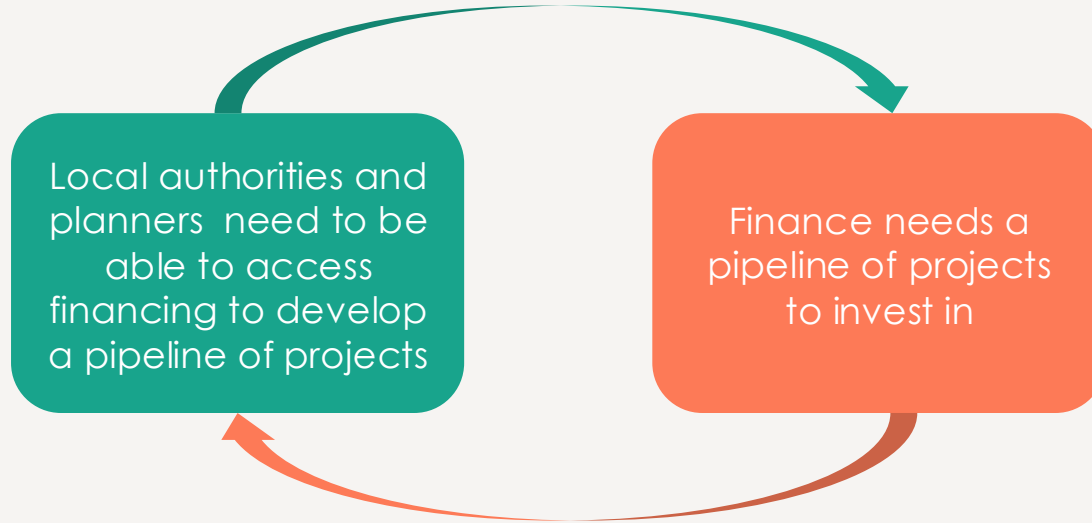
Developing guides for others



Building a case study resource

Shared infrastructure: challenges and opportunities

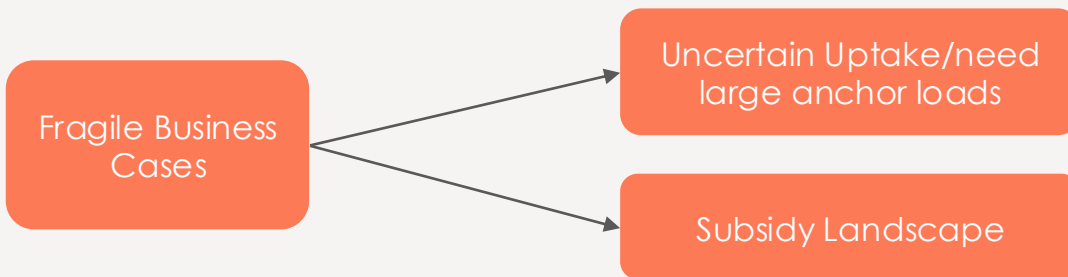
The pipeline problem



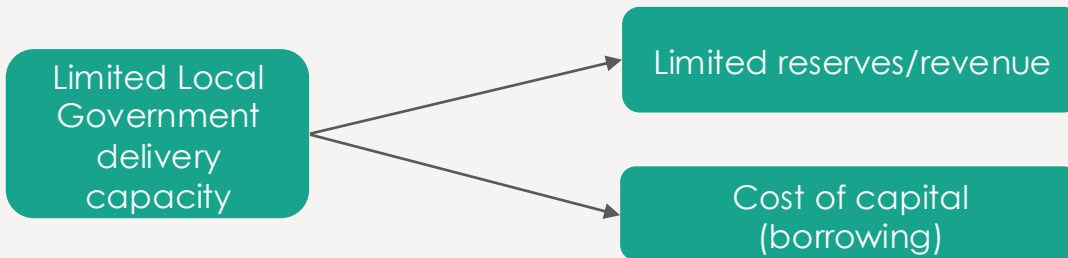
Without a pipeline of projects financing remains one-off, investment relationships and supply chains do not mature.

Why is it hard to build a pipeline?

Factors create **uncertainty** for private investors and delivery partners to invest:



Local authorities have added problems:



Potential solutions for area-based clean heat delivery

In our research, we identified solutions to **increase the certainty of demand** and solutions to make **more/cheaper capital available** to projects.

	UK Government	Welsh Government	LAs & Project developers
Building a pipeline locally and nationally		Support local authorities with granular heat planning to build a pipeline of projects	Use granular heat planning to send signals to suppliers and customers
Solutions to reduce uptake risk	Explore incentives for domestic connections	Expand mandates to connect (beyond new builds)	Use local assets and colocation with energy generation
		Create a favourable regulatory environment	
Solutions to make more & cheaper capital available	All tenure, all technology investment fund	Maximise the use of Warm Homes Plan consequentials	
	Use equity to support domestic retrofit	Support heat network delivery in Wales	

Clean heat planning

Local heat planning tool

nesta

Local Heat Planning

ALPHA

This tool is currently in the alpha stage of testing. The tool and data used are not necessarily accurate, and may change frequently.

Technology

Individual heat source ⓘ



Communal solutions ⓘ



Networked heat pumps ⓘ



District Heat Network ⓘ



List of clusters

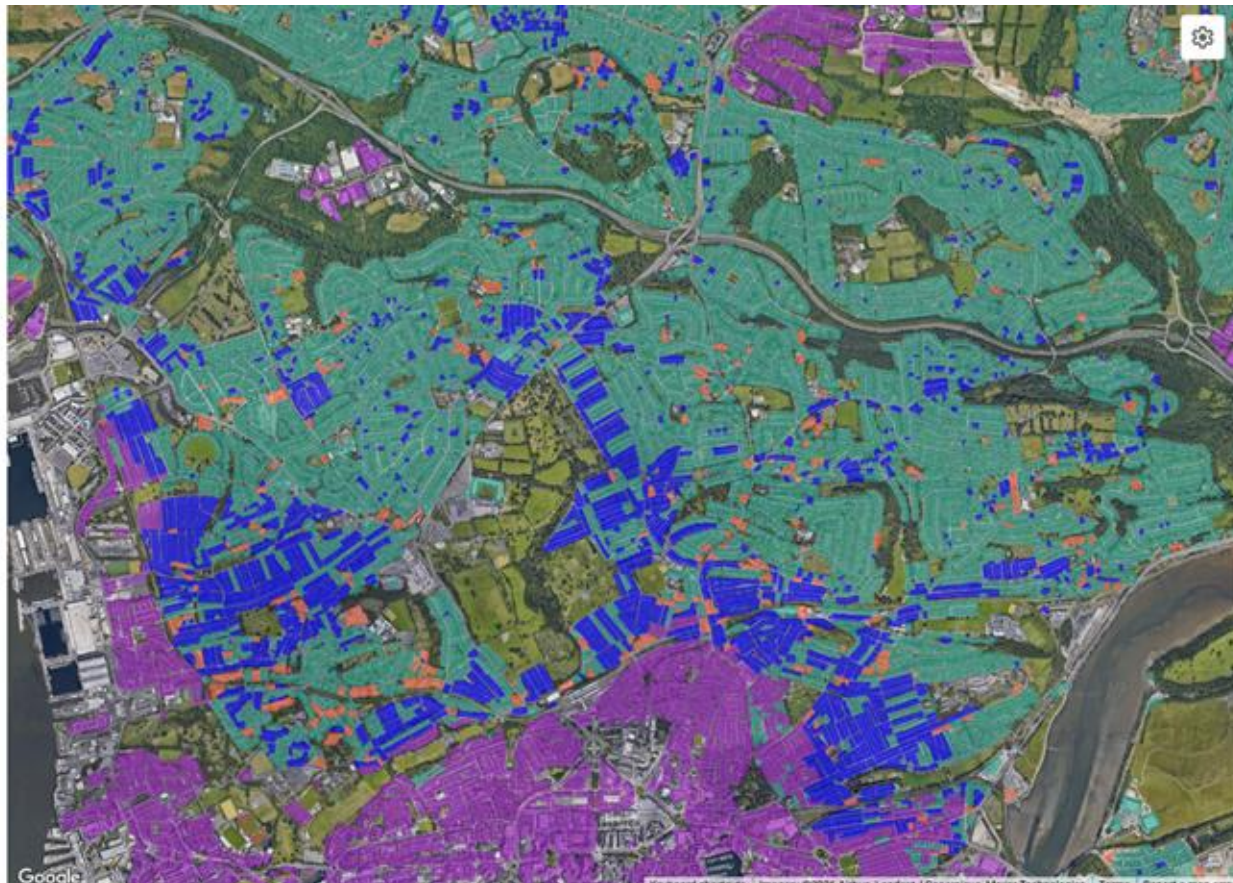
Area ^

Area IND_1185



Individual heat source

84.2m²



Local heat planning tool

← **nesta** Local Heat Planning

Area IND_144

Individual heat source

Note: the data shown for this area is preliminary and may change in future versions.

Property makeup

Number of properties 82

Average outdoor space 361.0m²

Number of properties in listed buildings Unknown

Number of properties off-gas Unknown

Property types

Flats:	8
Detached:	0
Semi-Detached:	49
Mid-Terrace:	5
End-Terrace:	5
Unknown:	15



Local heat planning tool



2026 Ambition

- Test the planning process and tool in other areas across GB
- Develop models and methodology to be replicable and scalable.
- Publish a trusted and useable guide, with tools to reduce the lift for local areas.
- Work with local areas and the supply chain to ensure that plans are useful and enable delivery.



Try it yourself

Enjoy exploring our Playbook and find out more about how you could set up a scheme in your local area



Want to find out more?

Join us on March 24th at 13:00 to hear about our partnership with Plymouth City Council and clean heat planning tool



SMARTER | FASTER | LOWER COST

Transformation of housing retrofit Using Existing Data + AI





Insulation issues: what to do?

Unfit for retrofit

27 June 2019
Increasing numbers of buildings are facing issues with insulation systems that have been incorrectly specified or installed. What can be done to remedy this?

Over the past few years, there has been an increase in the number of issues and complaints coming from homeowners and tenants who have had cavity-wall insulation (CWI) or external wall insulation systems installed. The main issue is that incorrect specifications or installed systems have gone on to compromise the fabric of properties.

Although the remediation of non-compliant installations should be a simple task, the work we have undertaken at **RICS Consultancy, Investigation and Training (CIT)** in surveying social housing stock and privately owned properties has found many several defects that could easily have been avoided if the right action had been taken at the right time.

The Warm Wales Retrofit Programme

The Warm Wales retrofit program, funded by the Welsh Government, aimed to encourage installing energy efficient and renewable energy measures in homes across Wales. The goal was to improve housing while reducing carbon emissions and increasing economic investment in the sector.

The program was originally designed to take a 'whole building approach' to installing energy efficiency measures in homes. However, it took a more general approach to improving more properties with basic measures. The program included 137 homes, about 40% of them pre-1980. The most common measure installed was external wall insulation, applied to 648 properties.

Following the completion of the works, certain buildings experienced internal damp patches that appeared after the installation of external wall insulation. These issues were attributed to poorly fitted insulation, subpar workmanship, and tight schedules. Furthermore, there were problems with masticating and repairing existing gutters, necessitating additional work to prevent severe future issues (**RISA, 2018**).

These photos show detailing around gutters, damage to the window head during the installation of external wall insulation, poor masticating resulting in damaged external wall insulation, and poor rendering under the eil.



Damp in social housing caused by inappropriate insulation

14 June 2017
A new report has revealed some Welsh social housing suffers damp due to inappropriate cavity wall insulation...

A draft report obtained under a Freedom of Information request has revealed a number of social housing properties across Wales have problems with insulation.

According to the draft report, 200 properties had insulation assessed in November 2016. In addition, 100 properties in South-Powys had reportedly required remedial action to fix the insulation problem.

The report, which was produced by the **Housing Research Centre (HRC)**, was commissioned by the Welsh Gov and the Eryri Carbon Hub. It was obtained by the campaign group **Climate Change Action Wales** by a Freedom of Information request.

Thirteen winters of damp: Caerphilly residents still suffer after botched insulation scheme

HOUSING | WELSH | POLITICS | Friday, 27 November 2014 at 11:00am
By **Paul Williams**, **Wales Reporter**

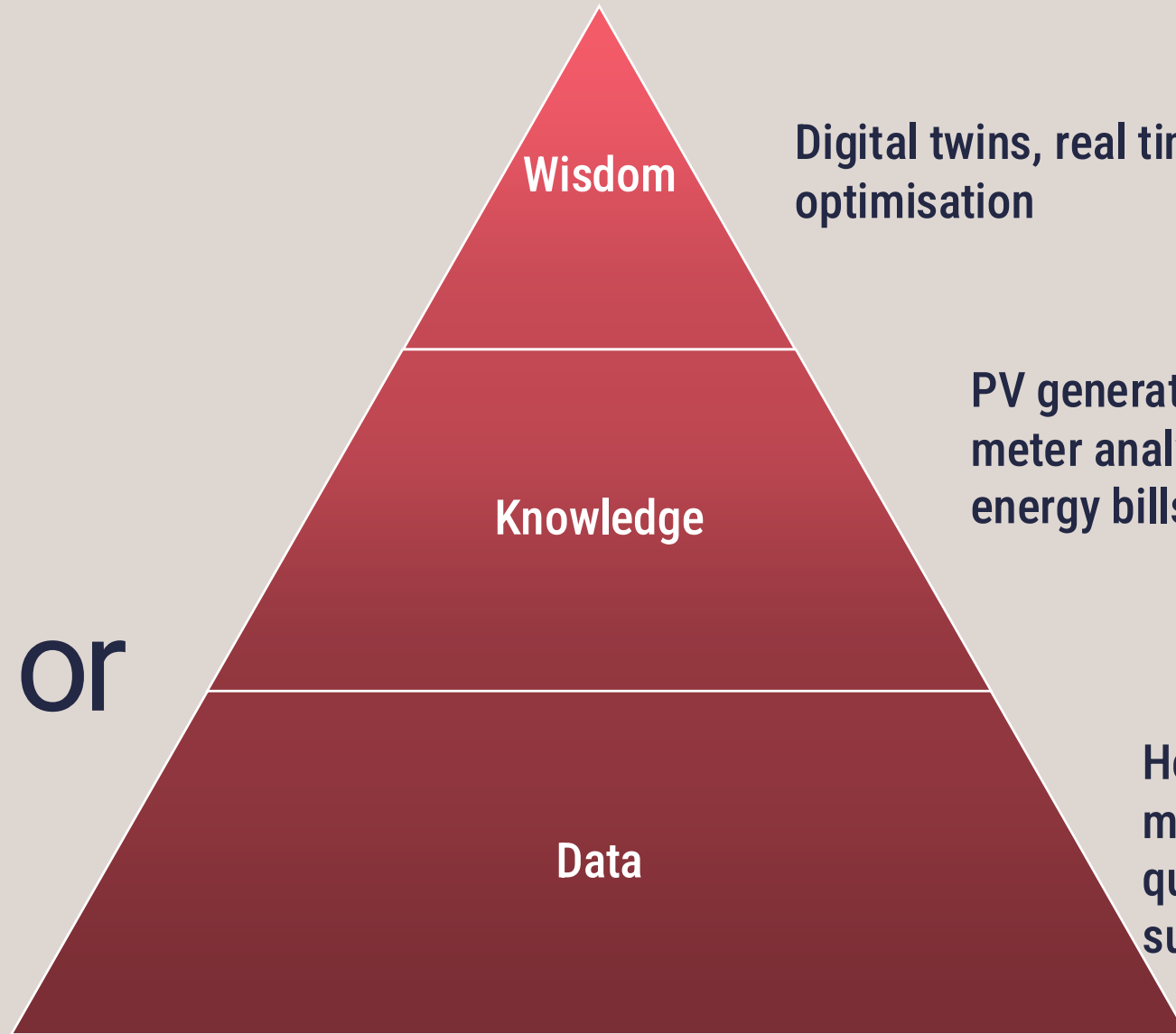


You're investing millions in retrofit. Are you getting what you paid for?



Are you utilising your data to make the best decisions for your retrofit programme and for your clients?

Your data exists. It's just not connected or analysed.



Wisdom

Digital twins, real time validation and optimisation

Knowledge

PV generation dashboards, smart meter analysis, EPC records, online energy bills, individual experts.

Data

Heat pump data, smart meter feeds, sensors, air quality sensors, asset survey data.



Poorly installed and commissioned retrofits Make Lives Worse.

TENANT BENEFIT

Colder home, higher bills, worse health outcomes than before retrofit

LANDLORD BENEFIT

Wasted capital. Carbon targets missed. Reputational damage.



Are you using data in the analysis and commissioning phase of retrofit?

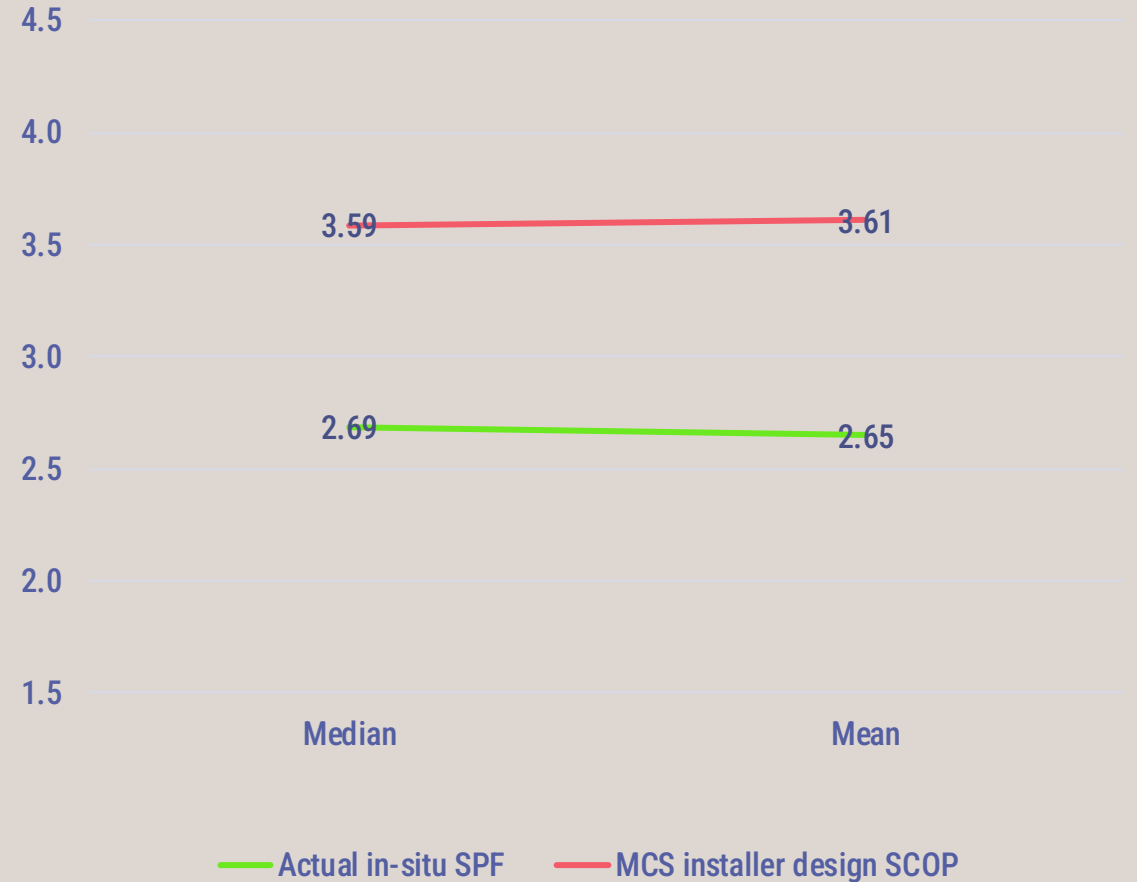


Are the tenants seeing the benefits?

Performance Gaps Are Real

For 92% of the properties the SPFH2 was lower than the SCOP.

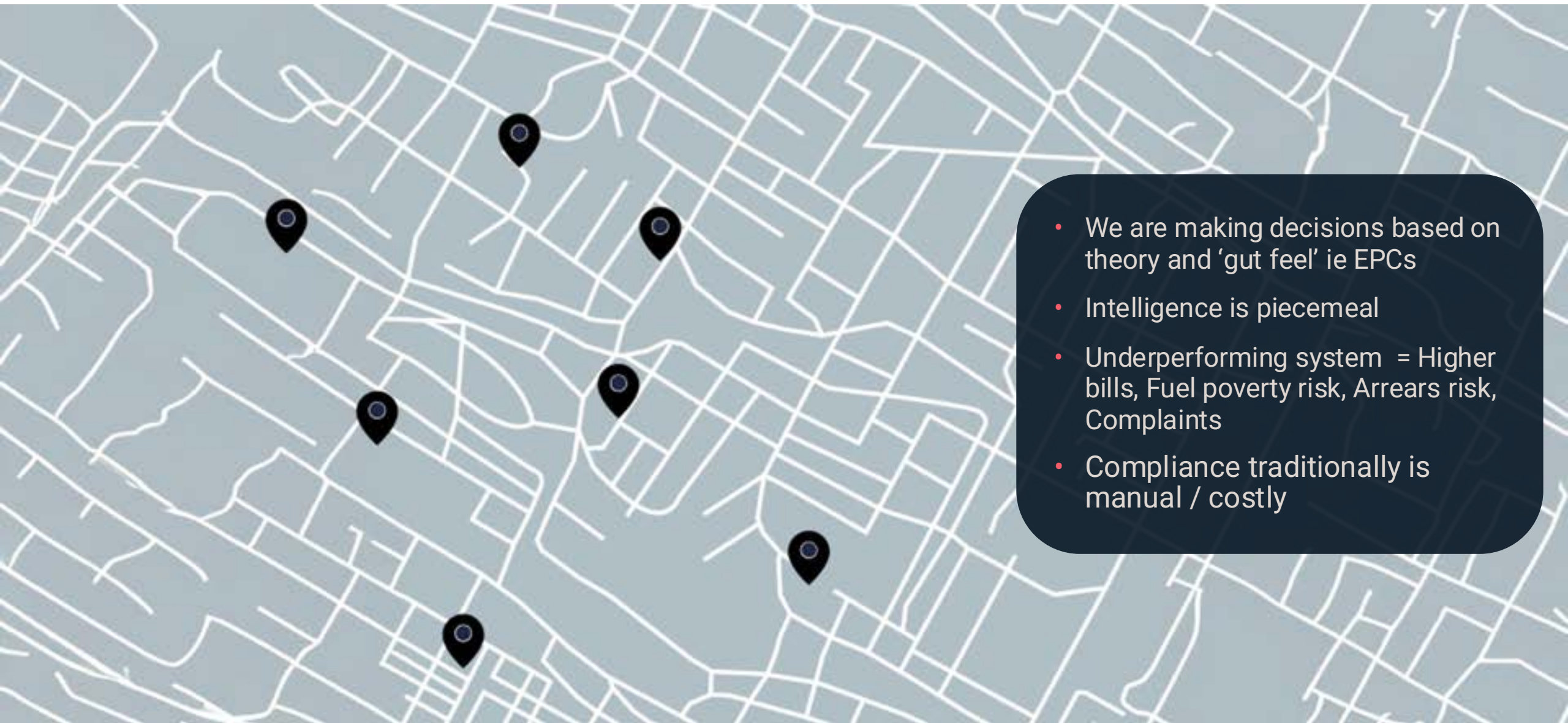
Source: EoH Report, Energy Systems Catapult / DESNZ, Dec 2024



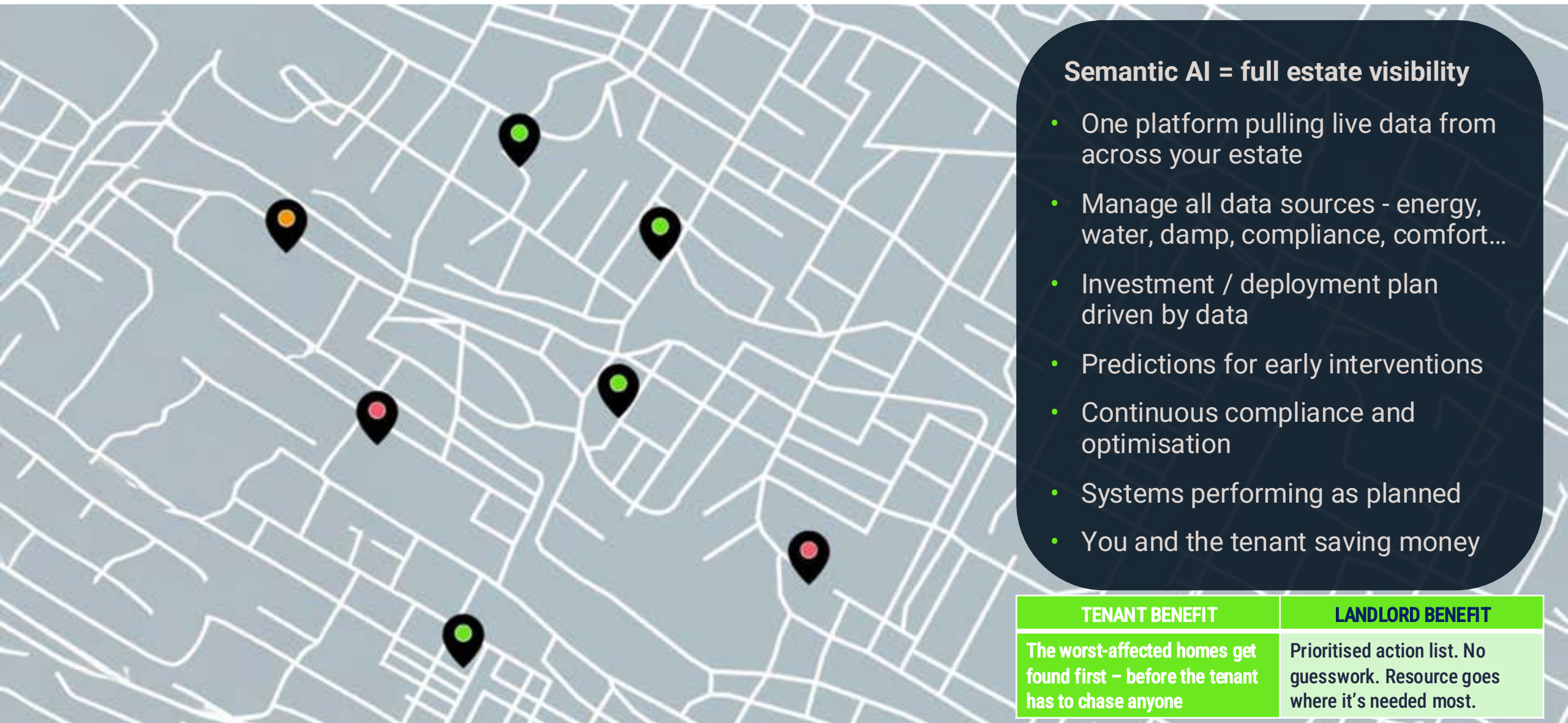
Source: rb&m / Ofgem Data, Dec 2024

TENANT BENEFIT	LANDLORD BENEFIT
Tenant's heat pump may be costing £300–600 more per year than it should	20–30% of your retrofit investment may be underdelivering. You just don't know which 20–30%.

Without Estate Data and AI We Can't Get Ahead of this

- 
- We are making decisions based on theory and 'gut feel' ie EPCs
 - Intelligence is piecemeal
 - Underperforming system = Higher bills, Fuel poverty risk, Arrears risk, Complaints
 - Compliance traditionally is manual / costly

See Your Whole Estate. Predict What's Failing.



Semantic AI = full estate visibility

- One platform pulling live data from across your estate
- Manage all data sources - energy, water, damp, compliance, comfort...
- Investment / deployment plan driven by data
- Predictions for early interventions
- Continuous compliance and optimisation
- Systems performing as planned
- You and the tenant saving money

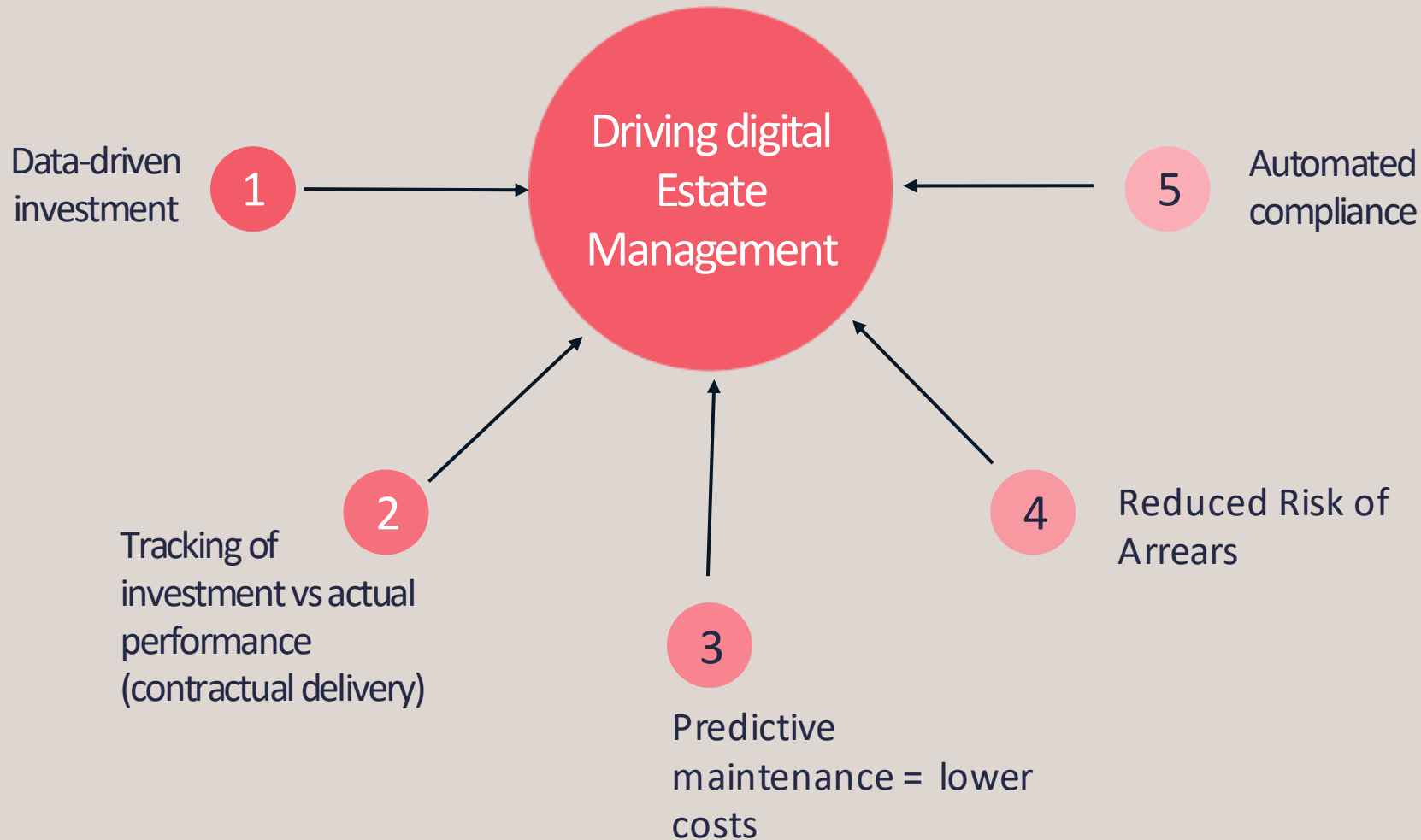
TENANT BENEFIT

The worst-affected homes get found first – before the tenant has to chase anyone

LANDLORD BENEFIT

Prioritised action list. No guesswork. Resource goes where it's needed most.

What's the upside to using your data and AI to install PVs, batteries and heat pumps?



You have the data to plan investment,
deliver the retrofity and to ensure it
performs as planned.

Raise your hand if...

Using data and AI for investment planning
and delivery is interesting to you?

Using data and AI for proactive
commissioning and intervention is
interesting to you?

Using data and AI for compliance is
interesting to you?

Thank you

How Data Can Help Achieve Net Zero

Evidence from Social Housing Performance
Monitoring across Wales

A stylized topographic map of a mountain range, rendered in glowing green and blue lines against a dark blue background. The lines represent contour lines, creating a sense of depth and movement across the landscape.

What We Do



- We collect and unify data collected across 1,000s of homes from multiple landlords and data monitoring system suppliers
- Standardise data to support consistent analysis across all homes funded under ORP
- Analyse this data to provide performance insights
- Manage this unified dataset to support Welsh Government and their research partners
- Collate data from landlords on interventions – bringing these datasets together to form the largest dataset of its kind in the world, across new build and retrofit homes in Wales

12,000+

Unique Homes

70,000+

Sensors & Meters

10M+

Data Points Per Day

Low carbon technologies include: ASHPs, GSHPs, PV arrays, battery storage systems, thermal energy storage systems, smart EV chargers, and intelligent energy management systems

Why Monitor Homes?



The Performance Gap

- Heat pump real-world efficiency averages 30% below design ratings (Ofgem/DESNZ data, 2024)
- A poorly performing heat pump can cost tenants more than a gas boiler — the opposite of policy intent
- PV energy being exported back to the grid with no financial payback.
- Insulation measures adversely impacting internal environments.

What Monitoring Delivers

Accountability

Prove impact for funders and investors — verified, not assumed

Insight

Understand what works, what doesn't, and why.
Data-driven design improvement

Troubleshooting

Catch commissioning errors, faulty settings, and wiring issues across hundreds of homes

Empowerment

Give residents visibility of savings and control.
3-15% savings from energy feedback alone

"Without monitoring, you simply don't know whether a heat pump is performing at SPF 3.5 or SPF 1.8."

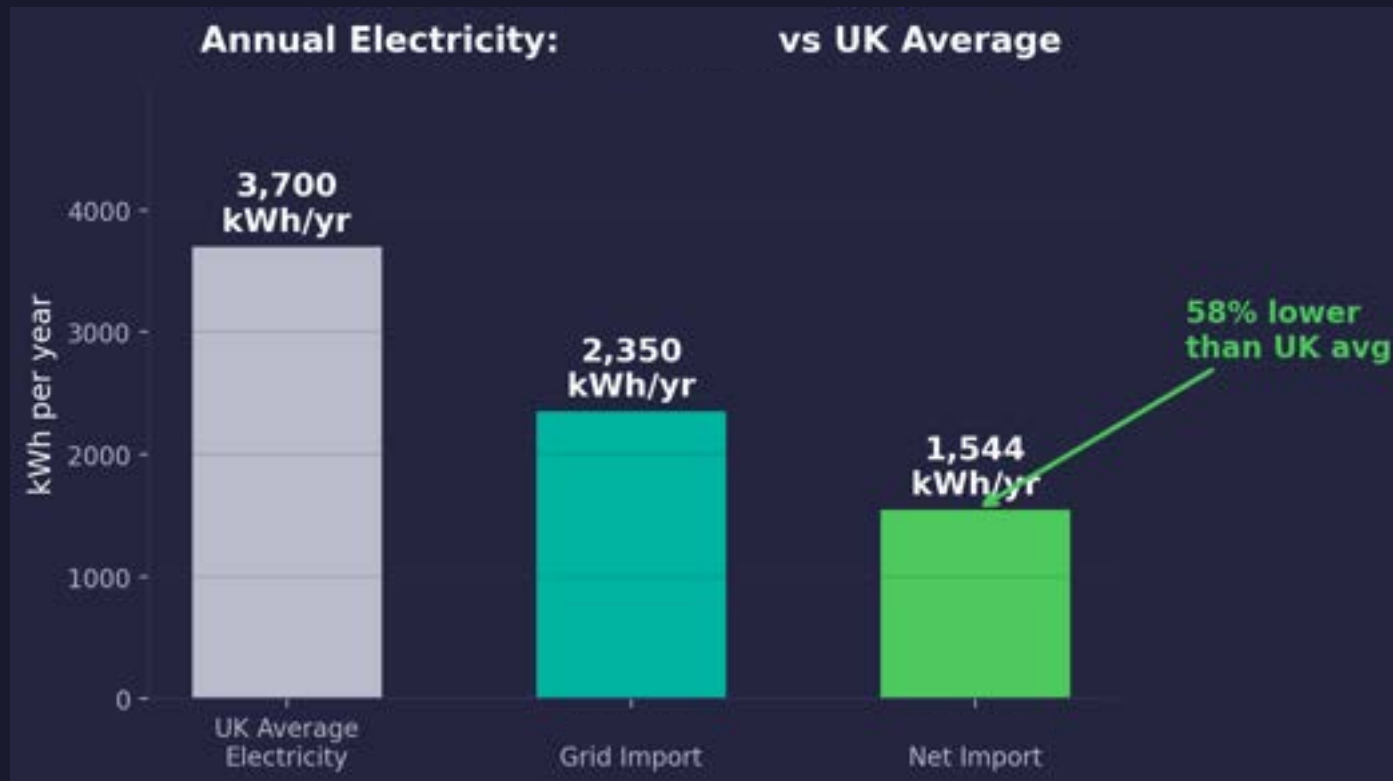
Case Study: Pobl Group



Over 70 low carbon new build homes, featuring:

- Low energy envelop design
- Air Source and Gound Source Heat Pumps
- Hybrid PV and battery systems
- Thermal storage
- EV chargers
- Intelligent energy control

Energy Performance



£583

Est. Annual Electricity Bill

£1,167

Saving vs UK Average (£1,750)

58%

Lower Net Import than UK Average

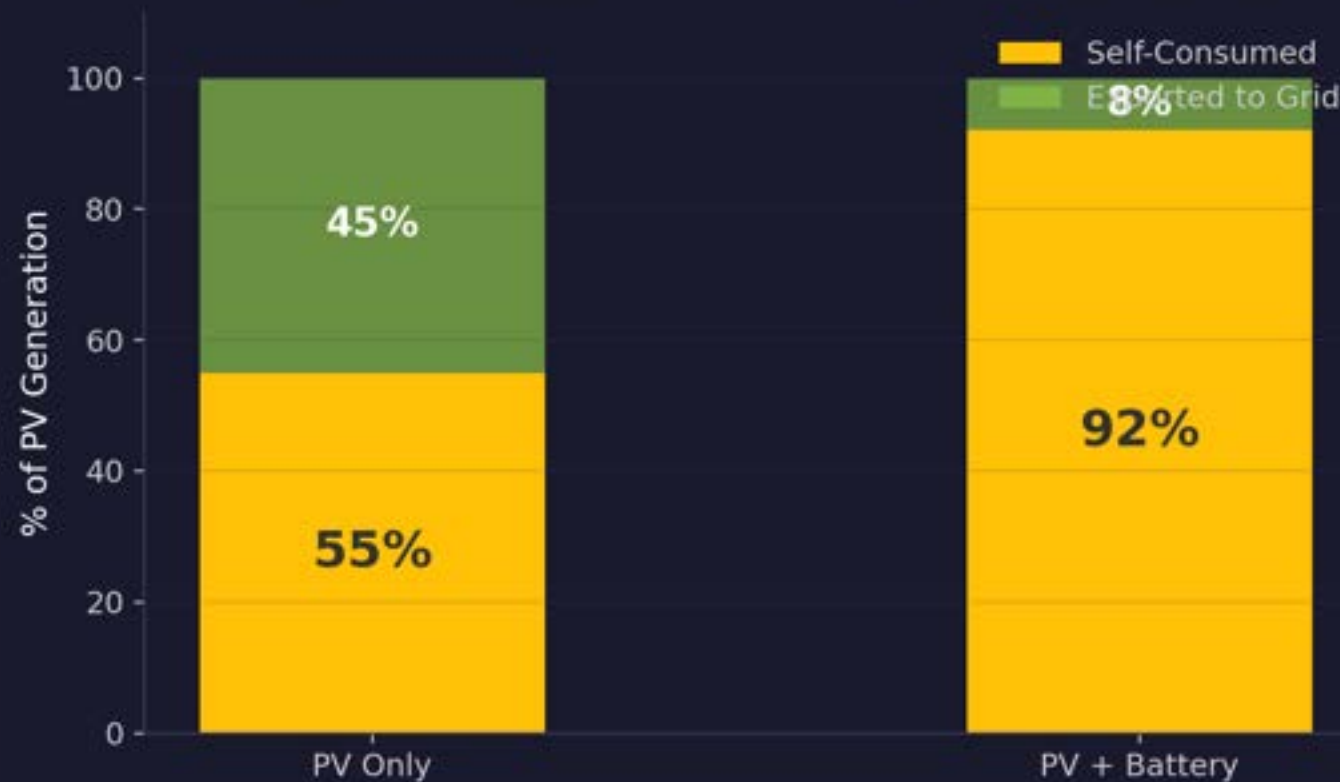
1,496

kWh/yr Avg Heat Pump (35 homes)

PV & Battery Systems



PV Self-Consumption: With and Without Battery



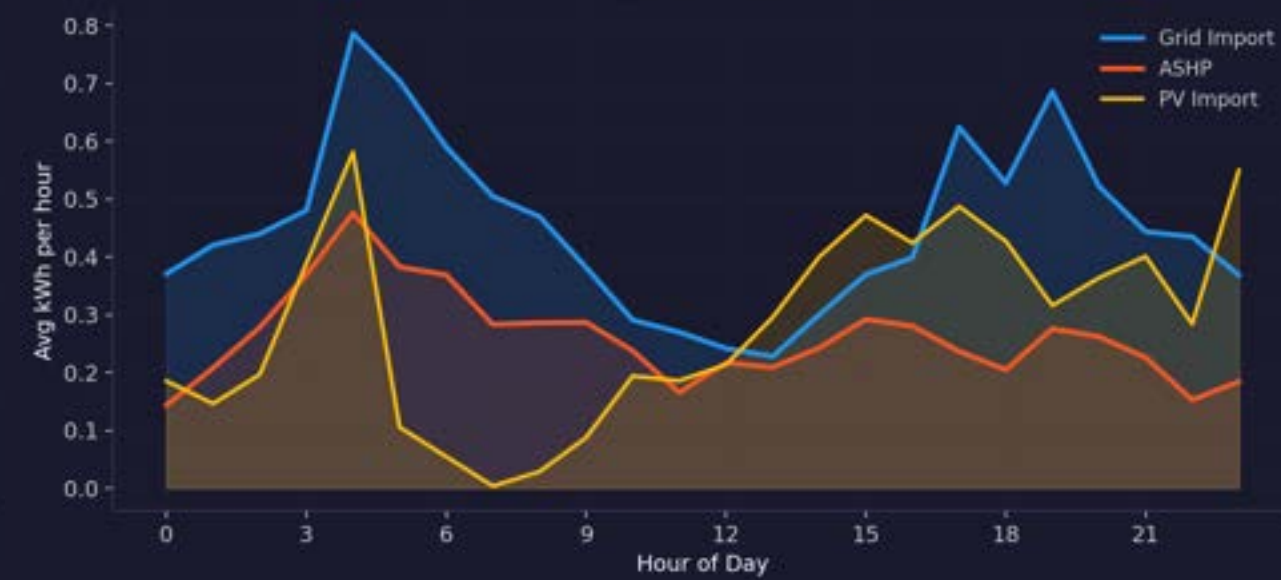
Understanding Performance



Home A — Monthly Energy Breakdown



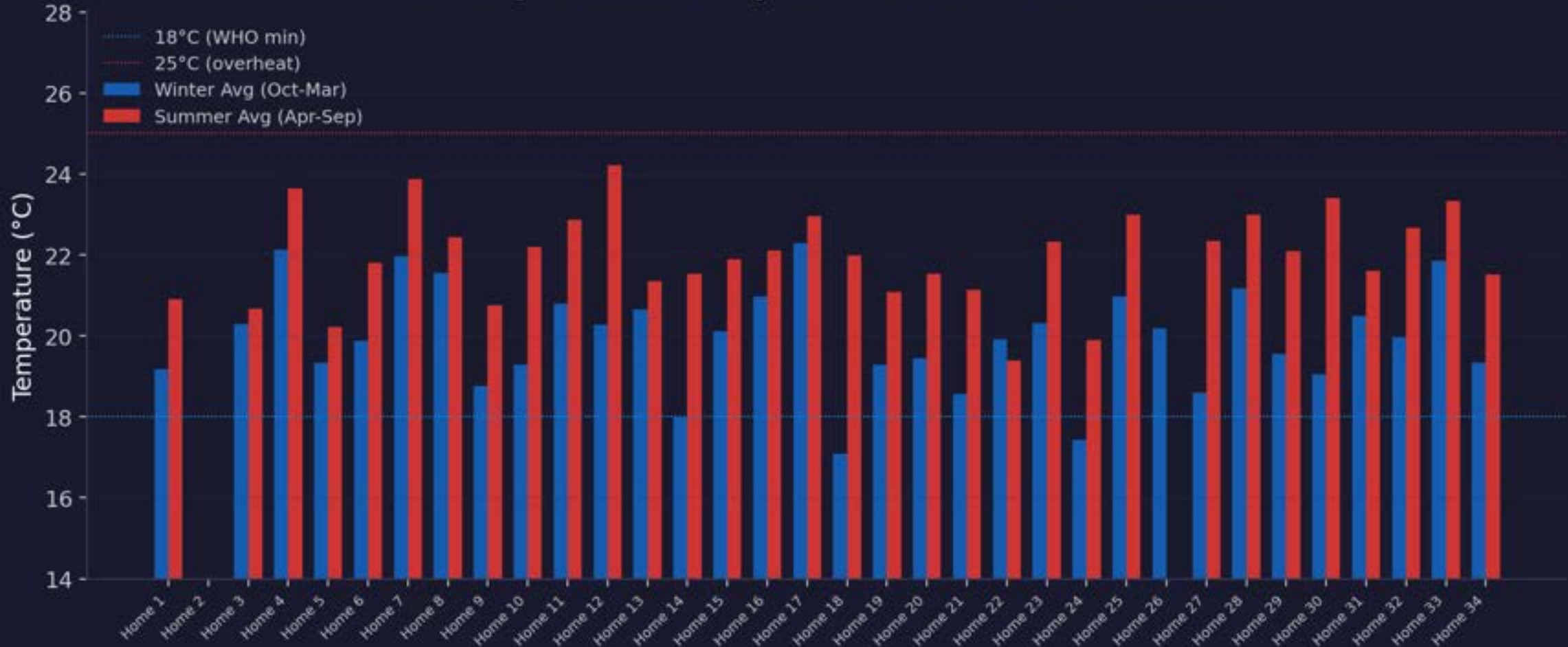
Home B — Average Daily Profile (February)



Quality Environments: Indoor Temperature



Average Indoor Temperature: Winter vs Summer

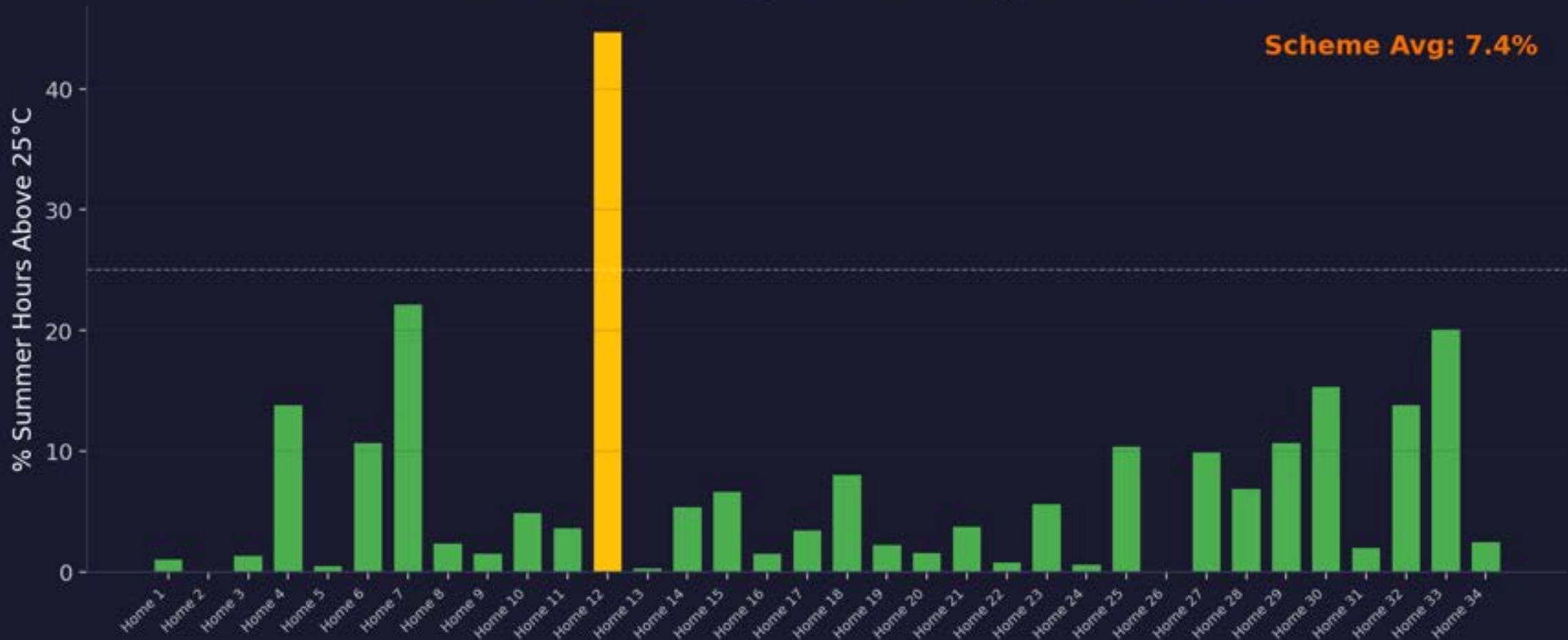


Across 33 homes: avg winter temp 20.0°C, avg summer temp 22.0°C. 3 home(s) have average winter temperatures below the WHO recommended minimum of 18°C.

Quality Environments: Overheating Risk



Summer Overheating: % of Readings Above 25°C

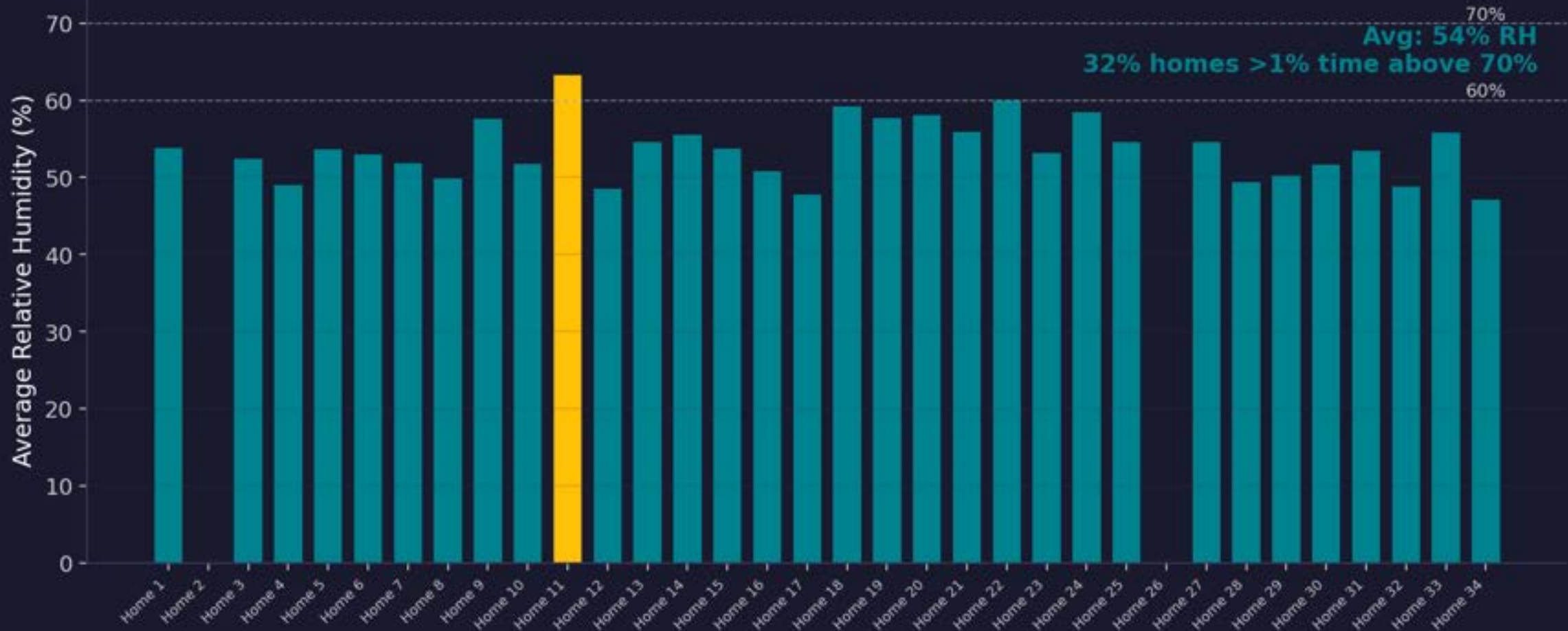


Percentage of summer temperature readings exceeding 25°C for each home. The scheme average is 7.4%. The worst-performing home has 44.7% of readings above 25°C, suggesting significant overheating risk. Summertime overheating is the primary environmental concern.

Quality Environments: Indoor Humidity



Indoor Humidity Levels



Humidity well controlled: avg 54% RH across 32 homes. Minimal time above 70% threshold. 11 home(s) spend >1% of time above 70% RH.

What Data Monitoring Has Uncovered



Across all homes being monitored – issues invisible without continuous data

Underperforming PV Arrays

Monitoring identified homes where PV generation was significantly below expected output, enabling rapid investigation and rectification before years of lost generation.

Battery Systems in Incorrect Modes

Battery storage systems found operating in non-optimal modes, reducing self-consumption of PV and failing to deliver expected savings to tenants.

Insufficient Ventilation

Humidity and CO₂ monitoring flagged homes with inadequate ventilation, enabling proactive intervention before damp or mould issues develop.

Isolated Systems

Systems found with isolators left in off position following installation. Without monitoring, these homes receive zero benefit from installed technologies.

Over-Active Immersion Heaters

Immersion heaters running excessively, consuming significant electricity unnecessarily and undermining the efficiency benefits of heat pump systems.

Wiring Errors

Energy sensors connected to wrong circuits, meaning consumption data was being misattributed. Corrected through data analysis of seasonal patterns.

Understanding High Energy Usage

Homes with consumption significantly above scheme average identified for targeted resident engagement and system investigation.



Data Monitoring is the Accountability Mechanism for Net Zero Housing

- ✓ **Proving Impact** Verified savings for funders, not assumptions – monitored homes use 33% less net electricity than UK average
- ✓ **Catching Problems Early** Commissioning errors, faulty settings, and underperforming systems identified and corrected
- ✓ **Supporting Residents** Targeted engagement based on actual consumption data – empowering behaviour change and reducing fuel poverty
- ✓ **Scaling with Confidence** As Wales decarbonises 1.4M homes, monitoring supports delivering its promise



Chirpy Heat

Simply Better Heat Networks

Delivering Better Homes for Wales

Ben Guest – Managing Director



01

About us...



Introductions

Delivering Better Homes for Wales – March 17 2026

Ben joined Chirpy Heat in 2025, bringing over 20 years of leadership experience within the energy services sector.

He leads a growing and dynamic team, fostering collaboration to maximise the potential of both people and systems, to deliver meaningful impact..



Ben Guest

Managing Director

www.chirpyheat.com

www.linkedin.com/company/chirpy-heat



Certified
B
Corporation

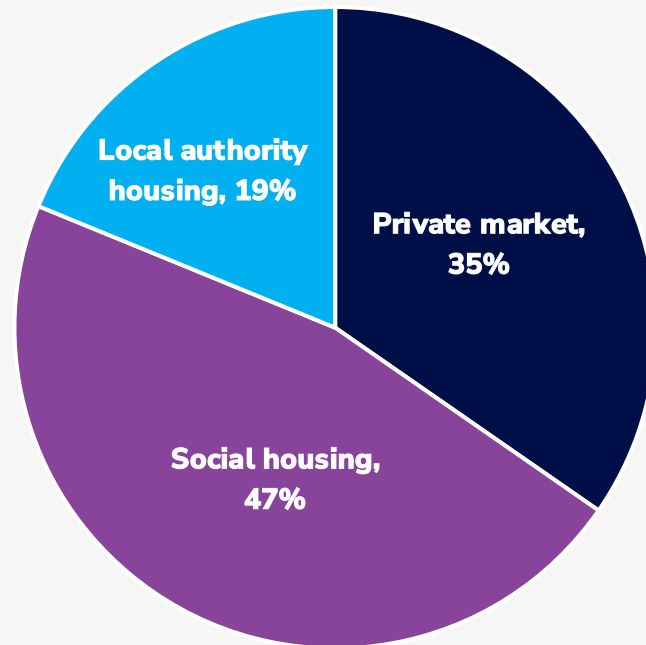


Established 2019 – the UK’s leading provider of independent HEAT NETWORK SUPPORT for SOCIAL HOUSING Providers:

- **Vision:** A world where heat is affordable, reliable and low-carbon for all..
- **Mission:** To deliver independent expertise and leading solutions that help the housing sector create simply better heat networks
- **From the sector:** established and developed by people from housing – over 100 years of experience of heat networks in housing
- **Services:** from Plant Room to Board Room



Heat networks in the UK



Where are we now?

- 14,000 heat networks in the UK
- 3% of UK buildings currently on a heat network
- 500,000 customers live on a heat network
- Only ~2,000 schemes are metered
- Around 2/3 are in social housing management

Where are we going?

- Low carbon heat networks listed in Government's Net Zero Strategy
- 20% of UK heat demand by 2050 to meet UK carbon reduction targets
- 5 million customers on a heat network
- Government funding (GHNF, HNES), regulation and zoning

Full Heat Network Regulation



Heat Network Regulation

Consumer Protection

- Transparency
- Quality
- Pricing
- Vulnerability



Heat Network Regulation

Technical Standards

- Performance standards and thresholds
- New networks - certification before authorisation
- 'Legacy' networks: 10-year Heat Network Improvement Plan
- 3rd party assessment and verification

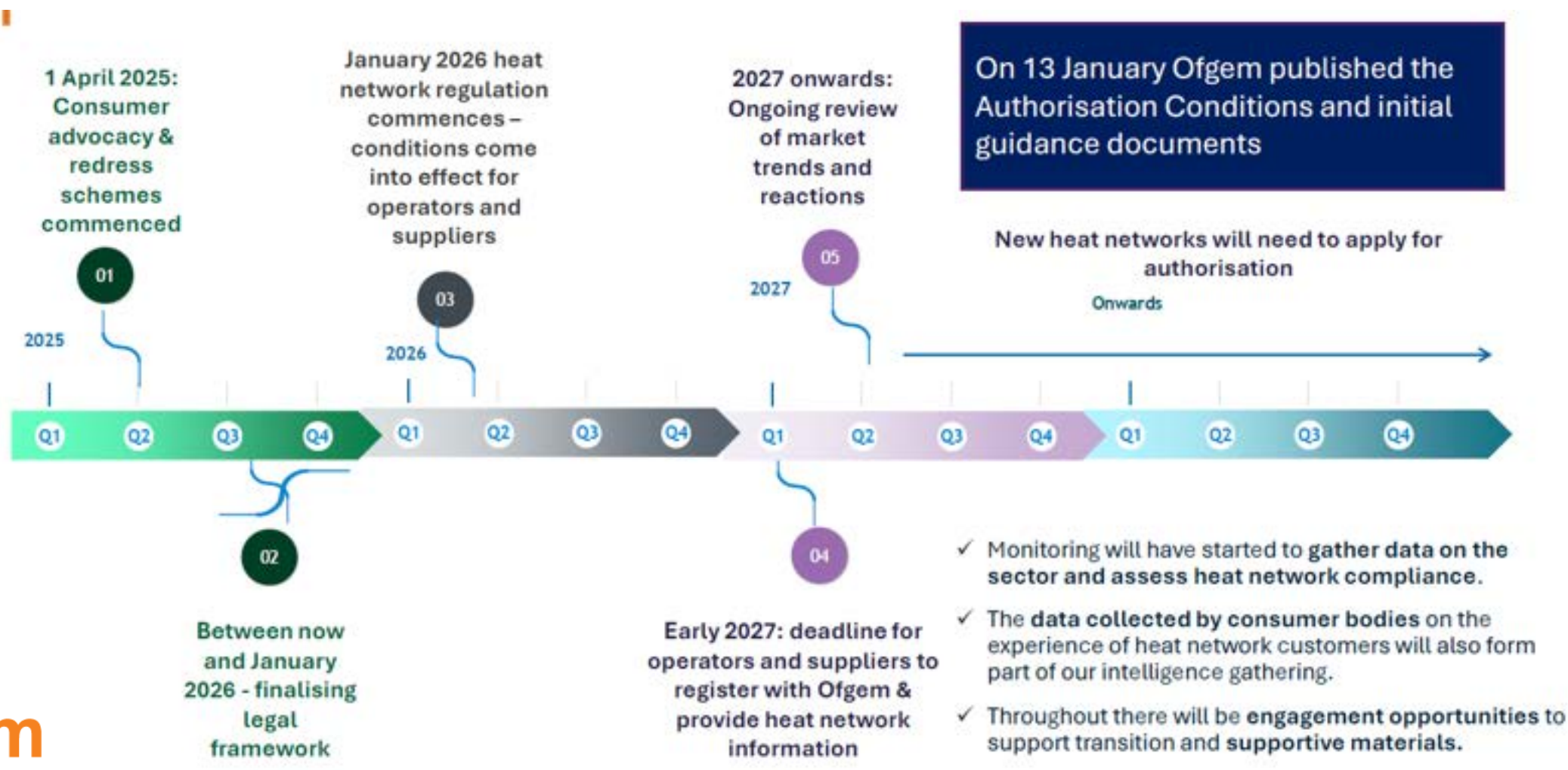


Heat Network Regulation

Zoning

- Support roll out of heat networks
- Lowest cost, lowest carbon solution
- National methodology, local coordination
- Mandated connections: new buildings, communal heating, commercial

Key Regulatory Milestones





Risks of Non-Compliance

Legal

- Potential for prosecution
- “After the commencement of regulation, carrying out the regulated activities of operation and supply on a relevant heat network without authorisation will become a criminal offence.”

Financial

- Non-compliance could impact governance and credit ratings (G1/V1)
- Inability to let properties: immediate for new build
- Unlimited Fines (e.g. fixed penalty notices for non-reporting)

Reputational

- Standards of performance and higher customer expectations
- Customers have access to Citizens Advice & Energy Ombudsman

Operational

- Regulator monitoring, audits
- Compliance plans

Consumer Protection - Standards of Conduct

Transparency of information

- Heat Supply Agreements
- Requirements pre, during and post occupation
- Signpost to Energy Ombudsman and Citizens Advice

Fair pricing

- Ensure costs are Fair, Reflective, Justifiable
- 31 days notice
- No pass through of compensation charges

Metering, billing and payments

- Customers empowered to manage own heat consumption
- Enhanced metering via HNTAS
- Smart metering protocol

Vulnerable customers

- Policy: define, identify and support
- Signpost to support agencies
- Priority Services Register
- No Disconnections

Complaints

- Complaints handing process
- Independent support
- Escalated to Energy Ombudsman
- Record & report

Standards of performance

- Interruptions & Outages notices and resolutions
- GSoP Payments

Data and Reporting: initial Registration upload and quarterly reporting



Chirpy Heat





The Journey

It begins by setting out the journey that reflects the reality for your situation, your homes, your customers and where you want to be - lower management and customers costs and full compliance.

We begin by breaking this down in four key principles of Understand. Respond, Plan and Deliver - URPD.





01 Understand

**Get clarity.
Know where you stand**

Understand your challenges and objectives to create the route map to better heat networks. The analysis will identify what your current position is including the scale and opportunities that you have in your portfolio.



02 Respond



03 Plan



04 Deliver



01
Understand

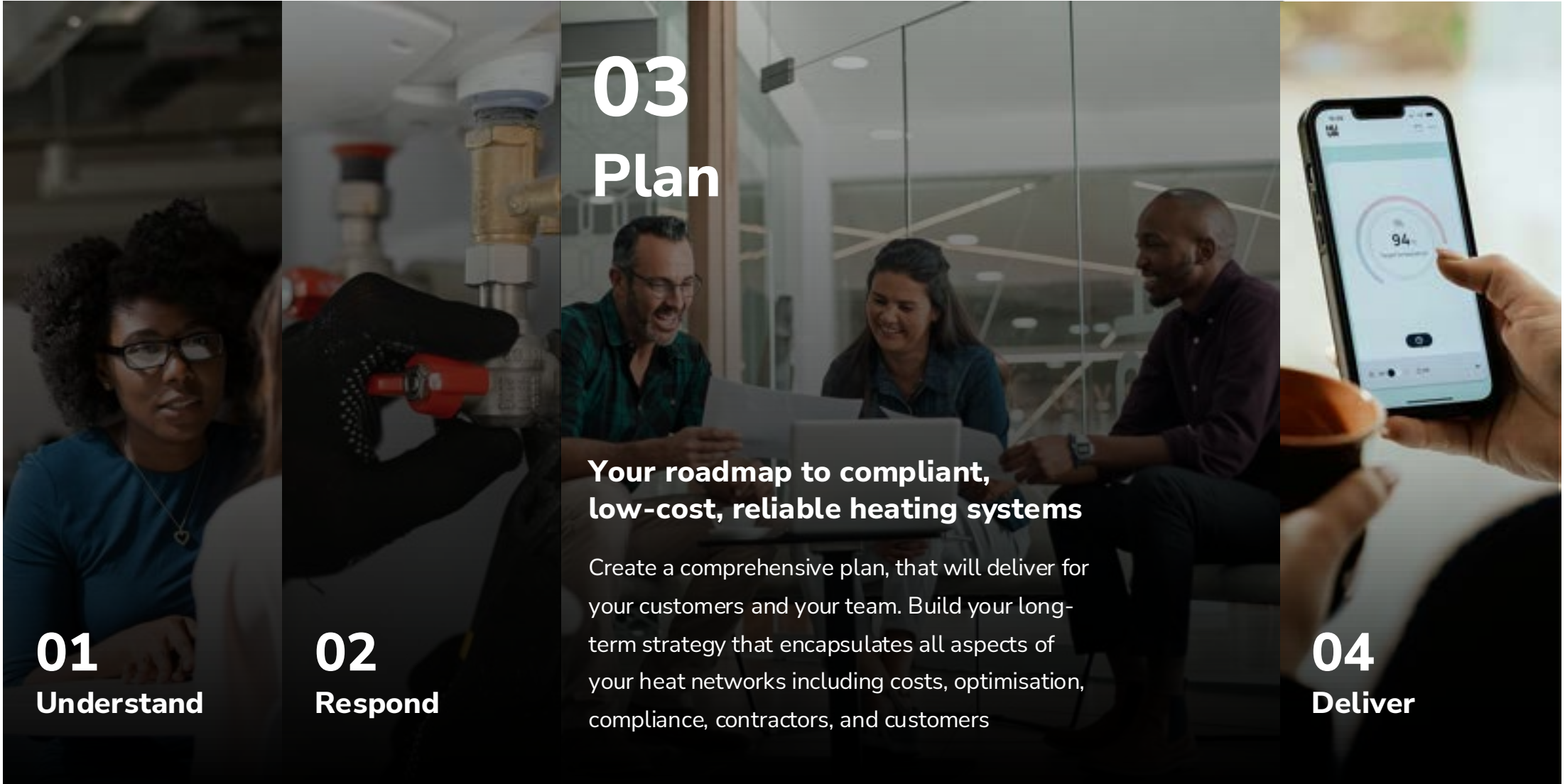
02
Respond

Fix the urgent issues that are holding you back

Identify the immediate issues that you and your team are dealing with. This will help to reduce the management time and resources that are being used to fire fight issues and creating issues for your organisation and customers

03
Plan

04
Deliver



01
Understand

02
Respond

03
Plan

**Your roadmap to compliant,
low-cost, reliable heating systems**

Create a comprehensive plan, that will deliver for your customers and your team. Build your long-term strategy that encapsulates all aspects of your heat networks including costs, optimisation, compliance, contractors, and customers

04
Deliver



01
Understand

02
Respond

03
Plan

04
Deliver

Let's make it happen

Building on the foundations of tackling immediate issues, create the strategy and business case, to create a delivery programme that is affordable, achievable and will ensure that heat networks meet the high standards expected across your portfolio



So, what to do next?

- 01** Define your role - Heat network operator / Heat Network Supplier
- 02** Review third party management / ESCo / lease contracts & arrangements
- 03** Engage with contractors - O&M, R&M, metering & billing,
- 04** Register with the Energy Ombudsman



So, what to do next?

- 05** Register with OFGEM
- 06** Create a compliance plan & ensure resources are in place
- 07** Prepare for reporting requirements
- 08** Creating and implementing policies & processes



Chirpy Heat Insight Group

Now is the perfect time to join the Chirpy Heat Insight Group, a free, email-based newsletter for housing associations and local authorities navigating heat network regulation.

You'll receive:

- Clear updates on heat network regulations
- Practical tools, data dashboards, and sector intelligence
- Exclusive content and early access to events and webinars
- Insights to help deliver better, more reliable heat networks

It's free, easy to join, and won't clog your inbox!



Scan the QR code to sign up



Our next webinar

Heat Network Priorities 26/27:

Compliance, Debt Management, Excellent Service
and Beyond

Thursday 16th April 2026

10am – 11am





- Courses count towards CPD
- Open courses available
- In house courses available

Government Funded Training

Course 1: Heat network operation and maintenance for the housing sector

Housing providers and their supply chain will understand:

- The key components of a heat network
- Good heat network design
- What can go wrong, how to spot it and what to do about it
- Elements of performance and optimisation (energy centre, distribution, in-dwelling)
- How to deliver efficient heat networks (data, effective repairs and maintenance, KPIs, metering)
- Overview of the Heat Network Technical Assurance Scheme (HNTAS), it's impact on the housing sector and what providers can do to prepare
- Becoming an intelligent heat network client, and exceeding client expectations

Course 2: Strategic approaches to heat networks

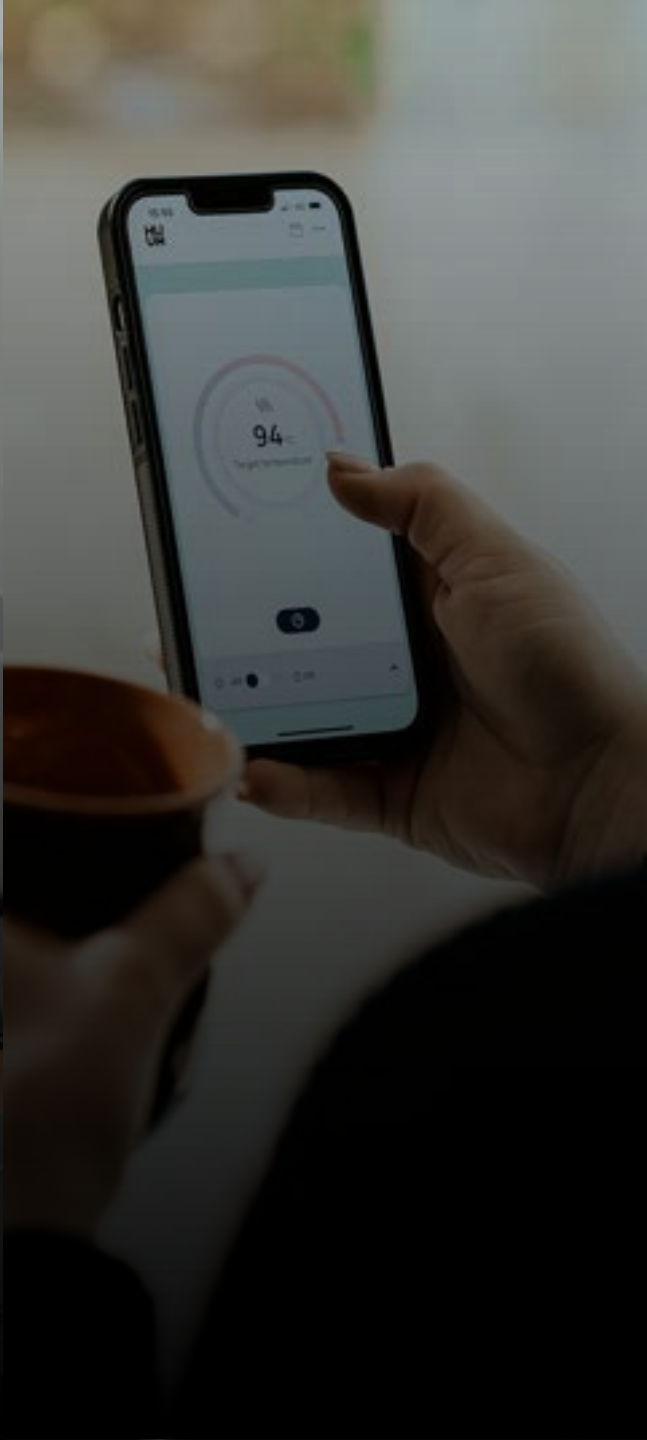
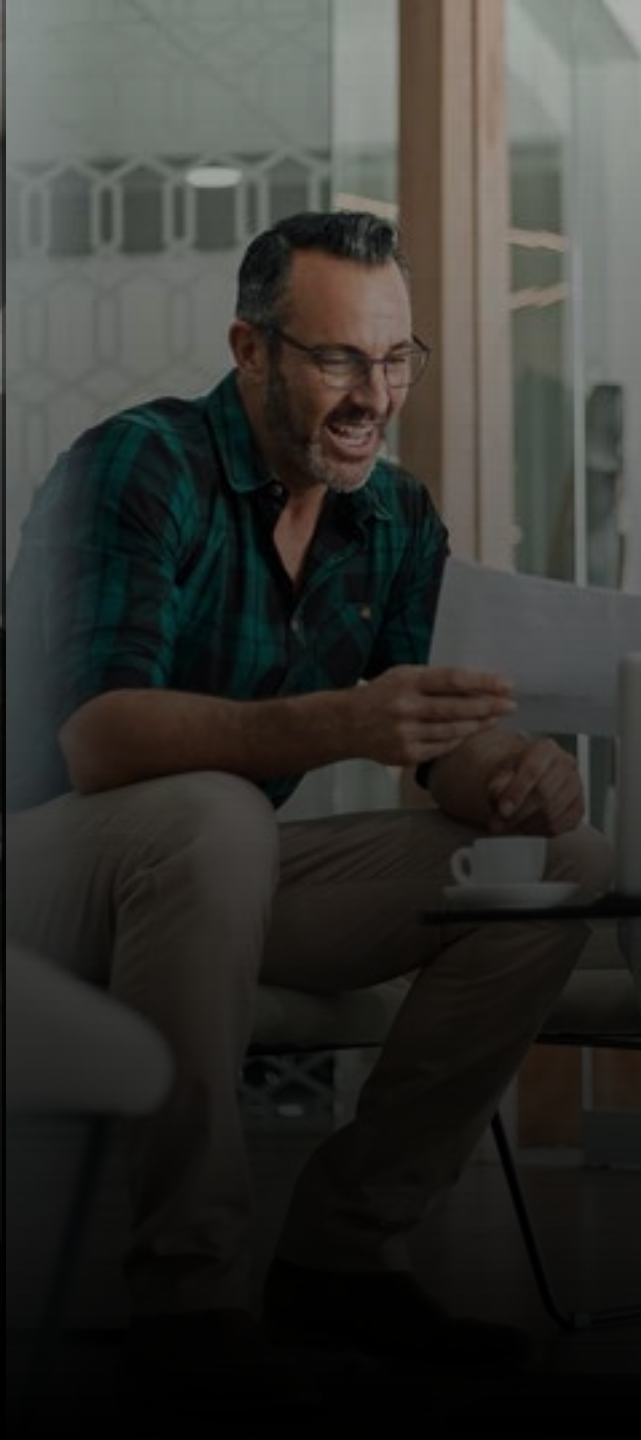
Housing providers will understand:

- The role and value of heat networks in the current and future energy system
- The key components of a heat network
- The shape of the forthcoming Regulations (consumer protection, HNTAS, zoning)
- What the consumer protection framework means for housing providers and their customers
- How housing providers can respond to the consumer protection regulations, get ahead of the regulatory curve and improve their management approach



Chirpy Heat

Thank you



energy
saving
trust

Data for WZCH dashboard and targeted interventions

Ieuan Davies

Data Analyst – Energy Saving Trust
email: ieuan.davies@est.org.uk



WZCH dashboard and data



Insight into Welsh homes



Deliver environmental goals

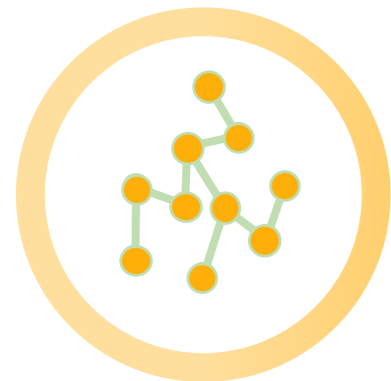


Dashboard built by Energy Saving Trust



Access to Home Analytics data

WZCH dashboard and data



Covers 100+ property features



Wide variety of data sources



Advanced modelling techniques



Help energy efficiency, fuel poverty & net zero

NOTE: Access to the dashboard requires Home Analytics licence from Energy Saving Trust and currently is restricted to local authorities

Hwb dashboard

WELSH ZERO CARBON HWB - DASHBOARD

CARBON HWB

energy saving trust

Welcome to the Welsh Zero Carbon Hwb dashboard

This interactive dashboard gives you a comprehensive guide to Energy Saving Trust's Home Analytics data, with over 100 variables for every home, for all domestic properties in your local authority.

This dashboard provides address-level insight to help you plan and deliver programmes to improve energy efficiency, alleviate fuel poverty, and transition towards net zero.

To begin please *select your local authority* below and click **Start** to take you to the **Contents and Navigation** page.

Cardiff

Start

Hwb dashboard – Aggregate data

Aggregate data

Cardiff

The data below breakdowns the number of properties in your local authority by property age, tenure, type and gas grid connection status, split across: CO₂ Emissions (tonnes of CO₂ per year), SAP Band and Heat Pump Readiness.

Use the filter panel on the left to filter data and the green button above to reset the data.

171.3K

Number of homes selected

100%

Percentage of homes selected

Current filters applied

CO₂ Emissions Band

SAP Band

Heat Pump Readiness

FILTER PANEL

Property Age	A-B	C	D	E	F-G
Pre-1900	381	2,449	5,356	2,059	419
1900-1929	314	8,109	18,519	4,812	1,284
1930-1949	126	5,567	10,695	2,819	893
1950-1966	305	9,649	11,322	2,538	443
1967-1982	1,922	12,388	11,073	1,858	420
1983-1995	851	10,361	5,481	403	43
Post-1996	15,998	18,415	3,690	258	43

FILTER PANEL

Property Tenure	A-B	C	D	E	F-G
Housing Association	4,446	7,338	2,368	261	220
Local Authority	531	10,277	3,429	217	83
Owner Occupied	8,775	30,747	46,408	11,052	2,254
Privately Rented	6,145	18,576	13,931	3,217	988

FILTER PANEL

Property Type	A-B	C	D	E	F-G
Small block of flats/dwelling converted in to flats	587	11,840	5,928	1,321	126
Block of flats	1,740	5,291	1,480	386	107
Large block of flats	2,848	4,611	838	124	5
Flat in mixed use building	6,711	8,672	2,935	807	1,028
Mid-terraced house	1,681	13,533	20,129	3,740	692
End-terraced house	1,528	5,860	6,466	1,769	509
Semi-detached house	2,058	11,354	18,845	4,807	568
Detached house	2,744	5,777	9,515	1,793	510

FILTER PANEL

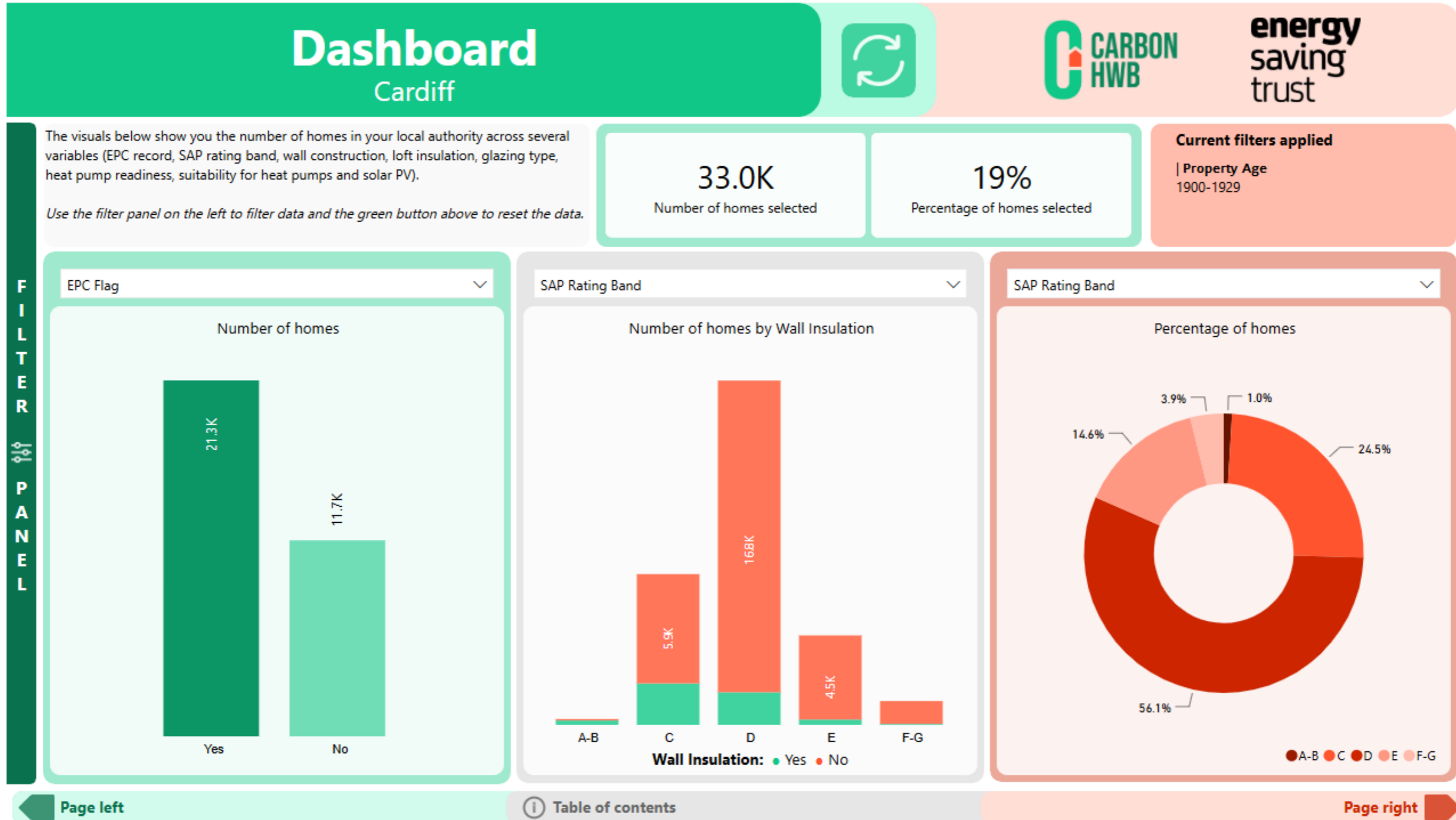
Off Gas Grid	A-B	C	D	E	F-G
No	11,888	56,159	62,731	13,359	2,195
Yes	8,009	10,779	3,405	1,388	1,350
Total	19,897	66,938	66,136	14,747	3,545

Page left

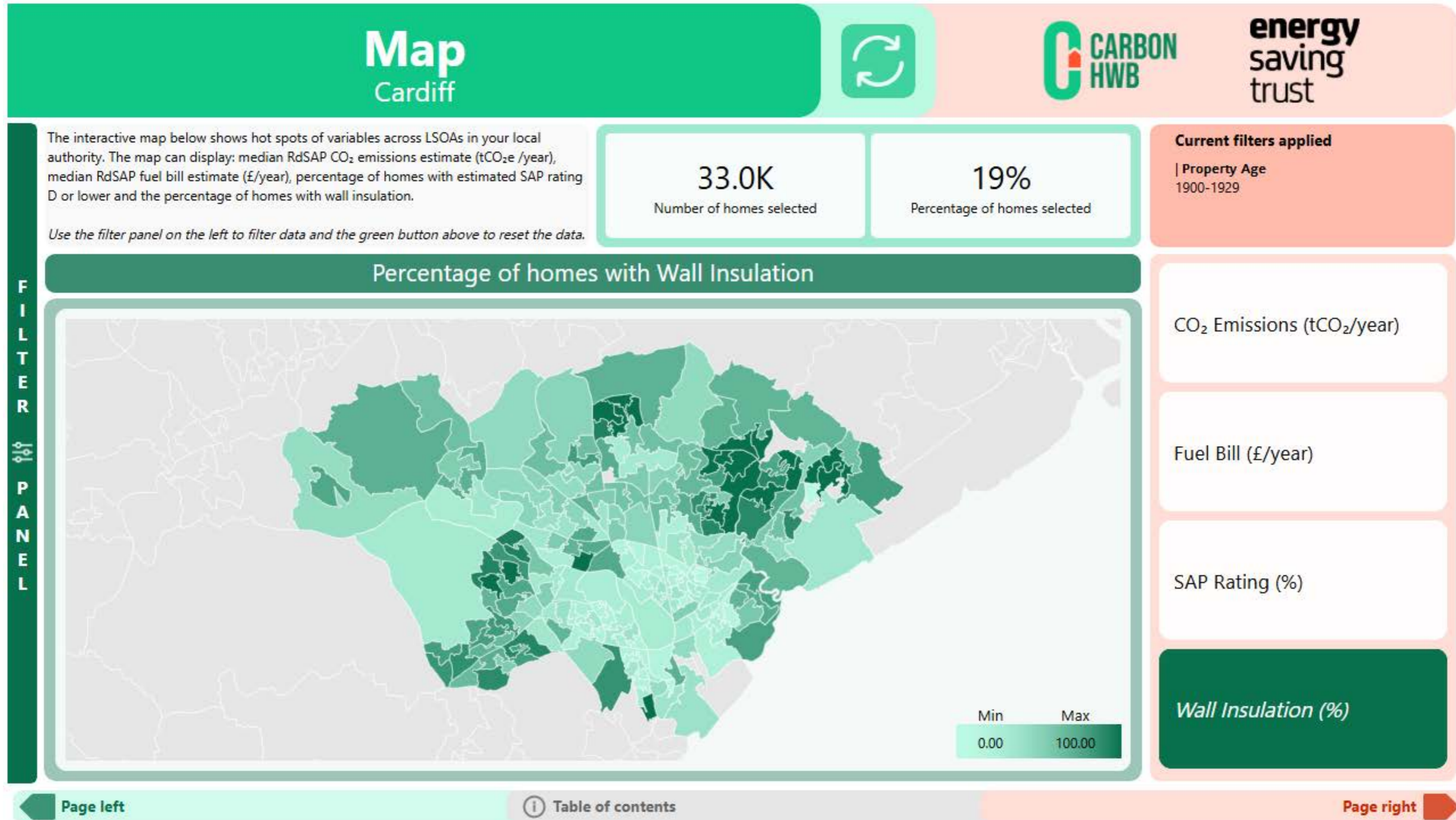
Table of contents

Page right

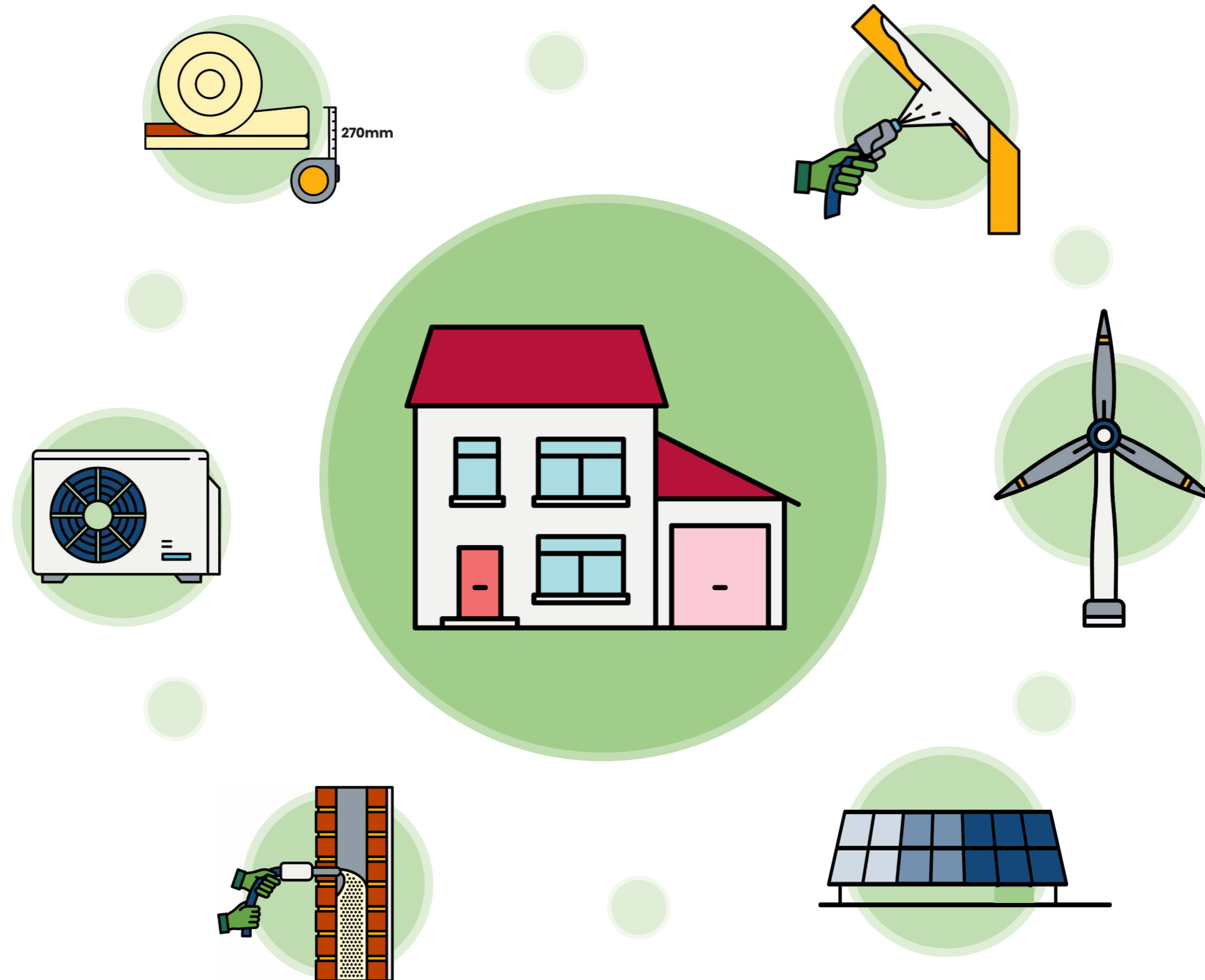
Hwb dashboard – Dashboard



Hwb dashboard - Map



Targeted interventions



energy
saving
trust

Thank you

Please contact me via email
ieuan.davies@est.org.uk



codi

Heat Networks Opportunities and Challenges

Welsh Zero Carbon Hwb Conference – Delivering Better Homes for Wales

Nick Abbott
Sustainability Lead





Us and Our Heat Networks

70+
heat networks

Existing portfolio
high temperature

New networks
mostly SGLs

Utilities reseller



codi

Fuel Source Flexibility

Centralised / semi-centralised heat 'production' with dispersed consumption.

- Limited **customer change and or impact** from changes to fuel source:
 - easier transition to net zero,
 - rapid implementation of change,
 - greater diversity of fuel sources.
- Customer experience is relatively **consistent** with other 'traditional' heating systems.
- Natural gas **maintains reliability** of many heat networks.



codi

Maintenance

Only surface similarity to other heating technology.

- Robust monitoring and active management requirement required to deliver **long term efficiency**.
- **Limited compliance** visits into customers homes.
- **Interconnected** system with risk of **large-scale** or unintended disruption.
- Expertise, experience and skills in the supply chain is **limited**.





Customer Protection

Heat networks are often owned and operated by the landlord.

- Customer protection **more easily achieved** via:
 - tariff setting,
 - debt management,
 - vulnerability identification.
- Fuel procurement **risks** and associated consumer impacts.
- **Reduced** requirement to **enter properties** for compliance and safety purposes.



codi

Customer Understanding

Consistent in-home experience when compared to traditional heating technology.

- **Surface simplicity** familiarity of immediate in-home operation and component interaction.
- Limited understanding beyond immediate operation and components creates **'fiddling hazard'**.
- Comparison with alternatives around tariffs and personal costs is **challenging**.



coodi

**Where collective strength
creates lasting local impact.**